PTE Preparation Series

Vocabulary Mastery

Essential Words for PTE Academic Success



Designed for PTE Students

Comprehensive vocabulary practice with contextual examples and usage patterns





1. Facilitate (verb)

- Defination: To make an action or process easy or easier.
- Synonyms: expedite, simplify, enable
- Antonyms: hinder, impede, obstruct
- Example: The new software will facilitate data analysis for researchers.

2. Feasible (adjective)

- Defination: Possible to do easily or conveniently.
- Synonyms: achievable, practicable, viable
- Antonyms: impossible, unlikely, impractical
- Example: The project proposal outlined a feasible plan for expansion.

3. Fluctuate (verb)

- Defination: To rise and fall irregularly in number or amount.
- Synonyms: vary, waver, oscillate
- Antonyms: stabilize, remain, steadfast
- Example: Stock prices can fluctuate significantly throughout the day.

4. Formidable (adjective)

- Defination: Inspiring fear or respect through being impressively large, powerful, intense, or capable.
- Synonyms: daunting, intimidating, challenging
- Antonyms: easy, weak, unimportant
- Example: The company faced formidable competition in the global market.

5. Fragile (adjective)

- Defination: Easily broken or damaged.
- Synonyms: delicate, brittle, frail
- Antonyms: robust, sturdy, durable
- Example: Handle the antique vase with care; it is extremely fragile.

6. Frantic (adjective)

- Defination: Wild or distraught with fear, anxiety, or other emotion.
- Synonyms: desperate, frenzied, hectic
- Antonyms: calm, composed, relaxed
- Example: She made a frantic effort to find her lost keys before the deadline.

7. Futile (adjective)

- Defination: Incapable of producing any useful result; pointless.
- Synonyms: useless, ineffective, vain
- Antonyms: effective, successful, productive



- Example: Their attempts to reason with the stubborn manager proved futile.

8. Fabricate (verb)

- Defination: To invent or concoct (something), typically with deceitful intent; or to construct or manufacture.
- Synonyms: concoct, invent, falsify
- Antonyms: authenticate, confirm, verify
- Example: The witness tried to fabricate an alibi to avoid suspicion.

9. Facet (noun)

- Defination: One side of something many-sided, especially of a cut gem; or an aspect of a situation or issue.
- Synonyms: aspect, side, dimension
- Antonyms: whole, totality, entirety
- Example: We need to consider every facet of the problem before making a decision.

10. Familiarize (verb)

- Defination: To make (someone) familiar with something.
- Synonyms: acquaint, accustom, orient
- Antonyms: unfamiliarize, mislead, confuse
- Example: Before the test, students should familiarize themselves with the exam format.

11. Fathom (verb)

- Defination: To understand (a difficult problem or an enigmatic person) after much thought.
- Synonyms: comprehend, grasp, discern
- Antonyms: misunderstand, misinterpret, ignore
- Example: It's hard to fathom the complexity of the human brain.

12. Fatigue (noun)

- Defination: Extreme tiredness, typically resulting from mental or physical exertion or illness.
- Synonyms: exhaustion, weariness, languor
- Antonyms: energy, liveliness, vigor
- Example: The long journey caused significant fatigue among the travelers.

13. Fervent (adjective)

- Defination: Having or displaying a passionate intensity.
- Synonyms: ardent, passionate, earnest
- Antonyms: apathetic, indifferent, cold
- Example: He expressed a fervent desire to succeed in his new venture.

14. Fickle (adjective)



- Defination: Changing frequently, especially as regards one's loyalties, interests, or affection.
- Synonyms: capricious, unpredictable, inconstant
- Antonyms: constant, stable, steadfast
- Example: The weather in this region is notoriously fickle, changing hourly.

15. Fiscal (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to government revenue, especially taxes; or relating to financial matters.
- Synonyms: financial, economic, monetary
- Antonyms: nonfinancial, personal, private
- Example: The government announced new fiscal policies to boost the economy.

16. Flourish (verb)

- Defination: To grow or develop in a healthy or vigorous way, especially as the result of a particularly favorable environment.
- Synonyms: thrive, prosper, bloom
- Antonyms: decline, wither, fail
- Example: The small business began to flourish after implementing innovative marketing strategies.

17. Forage (verb)

- Defination: (Of a person or animal) search widely for food or provisions.
- Synonyms: scavenge, search, hunt
- Antonyms: store, hoard, deposit
- Example: Birds forage for worms in the freshly tilled soil.

18. Foresee (verb)

- Defination: To know or think what will happen in the future.
- Synonyms: predict, anticipate, envision
- Antonyms: ignore, overlook, miss
- Example: It's difficult to foresee all the potential challenges of a new project.

19. Forfeit (verb)

- Defination: To lose or be deprived of (property or a right or privilege) as a penalty for wrongdoing.
- Synonyms: relinquish, surrender, cede
- Antonyms: gain, win, acquire
- Example: If you fail to meet the deadline, you will forfeit your right to apply.

20. Frugal (adjective)

- Defination: Sparing or economical with regard to money or food.
- Synonyms: thrifty, economical, prudent
- Antonyms: extravagant, wasteful, lavish



- Example: Despite his wealth, he lived a frugal life, avoiding unnecessary expenses.

21. Fundamental (adjective)

- Defination: Forming a necessary base or core; of central importance.
- Synonyms: basic, essential, primary
- Antonyms: secondary, superficial, ancillary
- Example: Understanding fundamental principles is crucial for mastering any subject.

22. Furnish (verb)

- Defination: To supply (a house or room) with furniture; or to provide or supply (someone) with something.
- Synonyms: provide, supply, equip
- Antonyms: strip, remove, dispossess
- Example: The landlord promised to furnish the apartment with new appliances.

23. Furthermore (adverb)

- Defination: In addition; besides (used to introduce a fresh consideration in an argument).
- Synonyms: moreover, additionally, besides
- Antonyms: however, nevertheless, conversely
- Example: The cost is high; furthermore, the quality is questionable.

24. Fusion (noun)

- Defination: The process or result of joining two or more things together to form a single entity.
- Synonyms: merger, amalgamation, synthesis
- Antonyms: separation, division, fission
- Example: The restaurant offers a fusion of traditional and modern cuisines.

25. Facetious (adjective)

- Defination: Treating serious issues with deliberately inappropriate humor; flippant.
- Synonyms: flippant, joking, sarcastic
- Antonyms: serious, earnest, grave
- Example: His facetious remarks during the serious meeting were unappreciated.

26. Fallacy (noun)

- Defination: A mistaken belief, especially one based on unsound argument.
- Synonyms: misconception, delusion, error
- Antonyms: truth, fact, certainty
- Example: It's a common fallacy that all spiders are dangerous.

27. Falter (verb)

- Defination: To lose strength or momentum; or to move unsteadily or hesitantly.



- Synonyms: hesitate, waver, stumble
- Antonyms: continue, steadfast, proceed
- Example: Her voice began to falter as she delivered the emotional speech.

28. Fanatic (noun)

- Defination: A person filled with excessive and single-minded zeal, especially for an extreme religious or political cause.
- Synonyms: zealot, extremist, enthusiast
- Antonyms: moderate, skeptic, disinterested
- Example: He was a sports fanatic, attending every game regardless of the weather.

29. Fascinate (verb)

- Defination: To draw the exclusive attention of (someone) by arousing interest or admiration; engross.
- Synonyms: captivate, enchant, enthrall
- Antonyms: bore, repel, disinterest
- Example: The intricate details of the ancient artifact fascinated the archaeologists.

30. Fervor (noun)

- Defination: Intense and passionate feeling.
- Synonyms: passion, ardor, zeal
- Antonyms: apathy, indifference, coldness
- Example: The political rally was filled with an atmosphere of fervent enthusiasm.

31. Fidelity (noun)

- Defination: Faithfulness to a person, cause, or belief, demonstrated by continuing loyalty and support.
- Synonyms: loyalty, allegiance, devotion
- Antonyms: disloyalty, treachery, betrayal
- Example: The soldier demonstrated unwavering fidelity to his country.

32. Figment (noun)

- Defination: A thing that someone believes to be real but that exists only in their imagination.
- Synonyms: illusion, fantasy, delusion
- Antonyms: reality, fact, actuality
- Example: The monster under the bed was just a figment of the child's imagination.

33. Finesse (noun)

- Defination: Intricate and delicate elaboration; or great subtlety and tact in handling a situation.
- Synonyms: skill, tact, adroitness
- Antonyms: clumsiness, ineptness, awkwardness
- Example: She handled the delicate negotiation with great finesse.



34. Finite (adjective)

- Defination: Having limits or bounds.
- Synonyms: limited, bounded, restricted
- Antonyms: infinite, unlimited, endless
- Example: Our natural resources are finite and must be managed carefully.

35. Flamboyant (adjective)

- Defination: (Of a person or their behavior) tending to attract attention because of their exuberance, confidence, and stylishness.
- Synonyms: extravagant, ostentatious, showy
- Antonyms: reserved, modest, unassuming
- Example: The artist was known for his flamboyant personality and vibrant paintings.

36. Flourish (noun)

- Defination: A bold or extravagant gesture or action, made to attract attention.
- Synonyms: display, embellishment, ostentation
- Antonyms: simplicity, plainness, understatement
- Example: He added a flourish to his signature, making it stand out.

37. Fluster (verb)

- Defination: To make (someone) agitated or confused.
- Synonyms: rattle, disconcert, agitate
- Antonyms: calm, compose, reassure
- Example: The unexpected question caused her to fluster and forget her answer.

38. Forbear (verb)

- Defination: To politely or patiently restrain an impulse to do something; refrain.
- Synonyms: refrain, abstain, desist
- Antonyms: indulge, yield, proceed
- Example: I had to forbear from commenting on his controversial opinion.

39. Foreboding (noun)

- Defination: A feeling that something bad will happen; fearful apprehension.
- Synonyms: apprehension, premonition, omen
- Antonyms: calm, peace, optimism
- Example: A sense of foreboding filled the air as the storm approached.

40. Forego (verb)

- Defination: To go without (something desirable).
- Synonyms: waive, relinquish, abstain



- Antonyms: indulge, take, claim
- Example: She decided to forego dessert to stick to her diet.

41. Foresight (noun)

- Defination: The ability to predict what will happen or be needed in the future.
- Synonyms: prudence, prescience, providence
- Antonyms: negligence, shortsightedness, impulsiveness
- Example: Good financial planning requires foresight and careful budgeting.

42. Foresightful (adjective)

- Defination: Having or showing foresight.
- Synonyms: prudent, visionary, provident
- Antonyms: shortsighted, careless, reckless
- Example: A foresightful leader plans for long-term growth and challenges.

43. Formulate (verb)

- Defination: To create or devise methodically (a strategy or a proposal).
- Synonyms: devise, create, construct
- Antonyms: destroy, dismantle, disorganize
- Example: The team met to formulate a plan for the new marketing campaign.

44. Fortify (verb)

- Defination: To strengthen (a place) with defensive works so as to protect it against attack.
- Synonyms: strengthen, reinforce, bolster
- Antonyms: weaken, undermine, demolish
- Example: The castle walls were fortified to withstand a siege.

45. Fractious (adjective)

- Defination: (Typically of children) irritable and quarrelsome; difficult to control.
- Synonyms: grumpy, peevish, unruly
- Antonyms: agreeable, amiable, manageable
- Example: The fractious crowd became unruly after the controversial decision.

46. Fraudulent (adjective)

- Defination: Obtained, done by, or involving deception, especially criminal deception.
- Synonyms: deceptive, dishonest, bogus
- Antonyms: honest, legitimate, authentic
- Example: The company was accused of making fraudulent claims to investors.

47. Frenetic (adjective)



- Defination: Fast and energetic in a rather wild and uncontrolled way.
- Synonyms: frantic, hectic, wild
- Antonyms: calm, leisurely, relaxed
- Example: The frenetic pace of modern life can lead to stress and burnout.

48. Frivolous (adjective)

- Defination: Not having any serious purpose or value.
- Synonyms: trivial, silly, unimportant
- Antonyms: serious, important, meaningful
- Example: His frivolous spending habits led to financial difficulties.

49. Fumigate (verb)

- Defination: To disinfect or purify (an area) with the fumes of certain chemicals.
- Synonyms: disinfect, sterilize, sanitize
- Antonyms: contaminate, infest, pollute
- Example: The pest control service had to fumigate the entire building.

50. Functional (adjective)

- Defination: Of or having a special purpose; designed to be practical and useful.
- Synonyms: practical, useful, utilitarian
- Antonyms: decorative, impractical, dysfunctional
- Example: The new office furniture is both functional and aesthetically pleasing.

51. Furtive (adjective)

- Defination: Attempting to avoid notice or attention, typically because of guilt or a belief that discovery would lead to trouble; secretive.
- Synonyms: secretive, stealthy, clandestine
- Antonyms: open, obvious, public
- Example: He cast a furtive glance around the room, hoping not to be seen.

52. Fabrication (noun)

- Defination: The action or process of manufacturing or inventing something.
- Synonyms: invention, lie, falsification
- Antonyms: truth, fact, reality
- Example: The story turned out to be a complete fabrication, designed to mislead.

53. Fanciful (adjective)

- Defination: (Of a design or construction) highly ornamental or imaginative in design or decoration.
- Synonyms: imaginative, whimsical, extravagant
- Antonyms: realistic, plain, practical



- Example: The children's book was filled with fanciful creatures and magical lands.

54. Farce (noun)

- Defination: A comic dramatic work using buffoonery and horseplay and typically including crude characterization and ludicrously improbable situations.
- Synonyms: mockery, absurdity, travesty
- Antonyms: tragedy, seriousness, solemnity
- Example: The whole situation devolved into a complete farce, with everyone shouting.

55. Fastidious (adjective)

- Defination: Very attentive to and concerned about accuracy and detail.
- Synonyms: meticulous, punctilious, perfectionist
- Antonyms: careless, sloppy, lax
- Example: She was a fastidious worker, always ensuring every detail was perfect.

56. Feign (verb)

- Defination: To pretend to be affected by (a feeling, state, or injury).
- Synonyms: pretend, simulate, fake
- Antonyms: reveal, be real, act genuinely
- Example: He would often feign illness to avoid going to school.

57. Felicitous (adjective)

- Defination: Well chosen or suited to the circumstances.
- Synonyms: apt, appropriate, suitable
- Antonyms: inappropriate, unsuitable, unhappy
- Example: Her felicitous remark perfectly summarized the complex issue.

58. Ferment (verb)

- Defination: (Of a substance) undergo fermentation; or to instigate or stir up (trouble or disorder).
- Synonyms: brew, agitate, stir up
- Antonyms: calm, quell, suppress
- Example: The unexpected policy changes began to ferment unrest among the employees.

59. Fictitious (adjective)

- Defination: Not real or true, being imaginary or fabricated.
- Synonyms: imaginary, invented, unreal
- Antonyms: real, actual, authentic
- Example: The author created a fictitious world for his fantasy novel.

60. Filament (noun)

- Defination: A slender threadlike object or fiber, especially one found in animal or plant structures.



- Synonyms: thread, fiber, strand
- Antonyms: chunk, mass, block
- Example: The light bulb's filament glowed brightly when electricity passed through it.

61. Flaccid (adjective)

- Defination: (Of part of the body) soft and hanging loosely or limply, especially as opposed to firm or taut.
- Synonyms: limp, soft, drooping
- Antonyms: firm, taut, rigid
- Example: After the long run, his muscles felt flaccid and weak.

62. Flagrant (adjective)

- Defination: (Of an action considered wrong or immoral) conspicuously or obviously offensive.
- Synonyms: blatant, brazen, shameless
- Antonyms: covert, hidden, subtle
- Example: His flagrant disregard for the rules earned him a severe penalty.

63. Flay (verb)

- Defination: To peel the skin off (a corpse or carcass); or to criticize severely.
- Synonyms: lambaste, castigate, scathe
- Antonyms: praise, applaud, commend
- Example: The critics flayed the new movie for its poor plot and acting.

64. Flicker (verb)

- Defination: (Of a light or a fire) shine unsteadily; vary rapidly in brightness.
- Synonyms: gleam, shimmer, twinkle
- Antonyms: blaze, steady, shine steadily
- Example: The candle flame began to flicker in the gentle breeze.

65. Flora (noun)

- Defination: The plants of a particular region, habitat, or geological period.
- Synonyms: vegetation, plants, plant life
- Antonyms: fauna, animals, wildlife
- Example: The botanist studied the diverse flora of the rainforest.

66. Flounder (verb)

- Defination: To struggle helplessly or clumsily in water or mud, or with difficulty.
- Synonyms: struggle, stumble, wallow
- Antonyms: succeed, thrive, excel
- Example: The new student was floundering in his advanced math class.



67. Foible (noun)

- Defination: A minor weakness or eccentricity in someone's character.
- Synonyms: quirk, peculiarity, idiosyncrasy
- Antonyms: strength, virtue, perfection
- Example: His only real foible was an excessive fondness for sugary desserts.

68. Foment (verb)

- Defination: To instigate or stir up (an undesirable or violent sentiment or course of action).
- Synonyms: incite, provoke, instigate
- Antonyms: quell, suppress, discourage
- Example: They were accused of trying to foment political unrest in the region.

69. Foray (noun)

- Defination: A sudden attack or incursion into enemy territory; or a brief but vigorous attempt to become involved in a new activity or sphere.
- Synonyms: raid, expedition, venture
- Antonyms: retreat, withdrawal, abstention
- Example: Her first foray into entrepreneurship was a great success.

70. Forcible (adjective)

- Defination: Done by force.
- Synonyms: compulsory, coercive, violent
- Antonyms: voluntary, gentle, peaceful
- Example: The police made a forcible entry into the building.

71. Foreclose (verb)

- Defination: To take possession of a mortgaged property when the mortgagor fails to keep up their mortgage payments.
- Synonyms: repossess, seize, confiscate
- Antonyms: release, lend, allow
- Example: The bank had to foreclose on several properties during the economic downturn.

72. Foreigner (noun)

- Defination: A person born in or coming from a country other than one's own.
- Synonyms: alien, immigrant, outsider
- Antonyms: native, citizen, local
- Example: The city is popular with tourists and temporary residents, many of whom are foreigners.

73. Forlorn (adjective)

- Defination: Pitifully sad and abandoned or lonely.
- Synonyms: sad, unhappy, desolate



- Antonyms: happy, cheerful, hopeful
- Example: The forlorn kitten huddled in the corner, shivering.

74. Formal (adjective)

- Defination: Done or made according to rules of convention or etiquette; suitable for a special occasion.
- Synonyms: official, ceremonial, conventional
- Antonyms: informal, casual, unconventional
- Example: The invitation specified a formal dress code for the gala.

75. Forsake (verb)

- Defination: To abandon (someone or something).
- Synonyms: abandon, desert, renounce
- Antonyms: support, cherish, uphold
- Example: She decided to forsake her old habits and embrace a healthier lifestyle.

76. Fortitude (noun)

- Defination: Courage in pain or adversity.
- Synonyms: courage, bravery, resilience
- Antonyms: cowardice, weakness, timidity
- Example: She faced the challenges with immense fortitude and resilience.

77. Foster (verb)

- Defination: To encourage or promote the development of (something good, typically something abstract).
- Synonyms: promote, encourage, nurture
- Antonyms: hinder, discourage, suppress
- Example: The teacher tried to foster a love of reading in her students.

78. Foundational (adjective)

- Defination: Serving as a base or foundation.
- Synonyms: basic, fundamental, underlying
- Antonyms: superficial, ancillary, derived
- Example: Strong foundational skills are essential for academic success.

79. Franchise (noun)

- Defination: An authorization granted by a government or company to an individual or group enabling them to carry out specified commercial activities.
- Synonyms: license, privilege, authorization
- Antonyms: monopoly, restriction, prohibition
- Example: He decided to open a restaurant as a franchise of a well-known chain.



80. Fraud (noun)

- Defination: Wrongful or criminal deception intended to result in financial or personal gain.
- Synonyms: deception, trickery, swindle
- Antonyms: honesty, integrity, truthfulness
- Example: The financial institution was investigated for committing bank fraud.

81. Fray (noun)

- Defination: A battle or fight; or a situation of intense competition.
- Synonyms: skirmish, conflict, brawl
- Antonyms: peace, harmony, calm
- Example: He entered the fray, ready to argue his point passionately.

82. Frenzied (adjective)

- Defination: Wildly excited or uncontrolled.
- Synonyms: frantic, mad, hysterical
- Antonyms: calm, composed, serene
- Example: The crowd entered a frenzied state as their favorite band took the stage.

83. Friction (noun)

- Defination: The resistance that one surface or object encounters when moving over another; or conflict or animosity.
- Synonyms: rubbing, resistance, conflict
- Antonyms: smoothness, harmony, agreement
- Example: There was friction between the two departments over budget allocations.

84. Fringe (noun)

- Defination: The outer, marginal, or extreme part of an area, group, or sphere of activity.
- Synonyms: edge, periphery, margin
- Antonyms: center, core, mainstream
- Example: He lived on the fringe of society, never quite fitting in.

85. Frontier (noun)

- Defination: A border separating two countries; or the extreme limit of settled land beyond which lies wilderness.
- Synonyms: border, boundary, threshold
- Antonyms: interior, heartland, settlement
- Example: Space exploration represents the final frontier for humanity.

86. Fulfillment (noun)

- Defination: The achievement of something desired, promised, or predicted; or satisfaction or happiness as a result of developing one's abilities or character.



- Synonyms: accomplishment, realization, satisfaction
- Antonyms: failure, disappointment, unhappiness
- Example: She found great fulfillment in her volunteer work.

87. Fumble (verb)

- Defination: To use the hands clumsily while doing or handling something.
- Synonyms: mishandle, bungle, stumble
- Antonyms: handle expertly, grasp firmly, manage deftly
- Example: He fumbled with the keys, trying to unlock the door in the dark.

88. Fume (noun)

- Defination: Gas, smoke, or vapor, especially if irritating, harmful, or strong-smelling.
- Synonyms: smoke, vapor, gas
- Antonyms: fresh air, cleanse, purify
- Example: The car emitted dark fumes from its exhaust pipe.

89. Fungible (adjective)

- Defination: (Of goods contracted for without an individual specimen being specified) able to be replaced by another identical item; mutually interchangeable.
- Synonyms: interchangeable, replaceable, equivalent
- Antonyms: unique, irreplaceable, distinct
- Example: Money is a fungible asset, as one dollar bill is interchangeable with another.

90. Furious (adjective)

- Defination: Extremely angry.
- Synonyms: enraged, irate, incensed
- Antonyms: calm, pleased, happy
- Example: He was absolutely furious when he discovered the betrayal.

91. Further (verb)

- Defination: To help the progress or development of (something); promote.
- Synonyms: promote, advance, assist
- Antonyms: hinder, impede, obstruct
- Example: The new initiative aims to further the cause of environmental protection.

92. Furthermore (adverb)

- Defination: In addition; besides (used to introduce a fresh consideration in an argument).
- Synonyms: moreover, additionally, besides
- Antonyms: however, nevertheless, conversely
- Example: The cost is high; furthermore, the quality is questionable.



93. Fuss (noun)

- Defination: A display of unnecessary or excessive excitement, activity, or concern.
- Synonyms: commotion, ado, bother
- Antonyms: calm, peace, tranquility
- Example: There was a great fuss made over the celebrity's arrival.

94. Gastric (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to the stomach.
- Synonyms: stomach, abdominal, digestive
- Antonyms: intestinal, cardiac, pulmonary
- Example: The patient complained of severe gastric pain.

95. Gauzy (adjective)

- Defination: Thin and translucent.
- Synonyms: sheer, translucent, thin
- Antonyms: thick, opaque, dense
- Example: She wore a dress made of light, gauzy fabric.

96. Genial (adjective)

- Defination: Friendly and cheerful.
- Synonyms: friendly, cordial, amiable
- Antonyms: unfriendly, sullen, hostile
- Example: He was a genial host, always making his guests feel welcome.

97. Germinate (verb)

- Defination: (Of a seed or spore) begin to grow and put out shoots after a period of dormancy.
- Synonyms: sprout, bud, blossom
- Antonyms: wither, die, dormant
- Example: The seeds germinated quickly in the warm, moist soil.

98. Gist (noun)

- Defination: The substance or essence of a speech or text.
- Synonyms: essence, main point, summary
- Antonyms: detail, trivia, insignificance
- Example: I didn't catch every word, but I got the gist of her argument.

99. Glaring (adjective)

- Defination: Highly conspicuous or obvious; flagrant.
- Synonyms: obvious, blatant, conspicuous
- Antonyms: subtle, hidden, inconspicuous



- Example: There was a glaring error in the financial report.

100. Glimmer (noun)

- Defination: A faint or wavering light.
- Synonyms: flicker, sparkle, ray
- Antonyms: darkness, gloom, blackout
- Example: There was a glimmer of hope that the missing person would be found.

101. Goad (verb)

- Defination: To provoke or annoy (someone) to stimulate an action or reaction.
- Synonyms: provoke, incite, spur
- Antonyms: deter, discourage, dissuade
- Example: He tried to goad her into an argument, but she refused.

102. Gradient (noun)

- Defination: An inclined part of a road or railway; a slope.
- Synonyms: slope, incline, slant
- Antonyms: flatness, level, plateau
- Example: The road had a steep gradient, making it difficult to cycle up.

103. Gratify (verb)

- Defination: To give (someone) pleasure or satisfaction.
- Synonyms: please, satisfy, delight
- Antonyms: displease, frustrate, annoy
- Example: It was gratifying to see his hard work finally pay off.

104. Gratuitous (adjective)

- Defination: Uncalled for; lacking good reason; unwarranted.
- Synonyms: unjustified, superfluous, unwarranted
- Antonyms: justified, warranted, necessary
- Example: The film contained gratuitous violence that added nothing to the plot.

105. Grievance (noun)

- Defination: A real or imagined wrong or other cause for complaint or protest, especially unfair treatment.
- Synonyms: complaint, injustice, resentment
- Antonyms: satisfaction, contentment, praise
- Example: The employees filed a grievance about the unfair working conditions.

106. Guile (noun)

- Defination: Sly or cunning intelligence.



- Synonyms: cunning, deceit, trickery
- Antonyms: honesty, sincerity, frankness
- Example: The politician was known for his guile and manipulative tactics.

107. Gullible (adjective)

- Defination: Easily persuaded to believe something; credulous.
- Synonyms: credulous, naïve, trusting
- Antonyms: skeptical, discerning, cynical
- Example: The con artist preyed on gullible individuals, selling them fake investments.

108. Facsimile (noun)

- Defination: An exact copy, especially of written or printed material.
- Synonyms: copy, replica, duplicate
- Antonyms: original, archetype, prototype
- Example: The museum displayed a facsimile of the ancient manuscript.

109. Factious (adjective)

- Defination: Relating or inclined to a state of faction.
- Synonyms: dissentious, schismatic, disruptive
- Antonyms: united, harmonious, cooperative
- Example: The factious groups within the party caused constant internal disputes.

110. Fallow (adjective)

- Defination: (Of farmland) plowed and harrowed but left for a period without being sown in order to restore its fertility.
- Synonyms: uncultivated, unplanted, idle
- Antonyms: cultivated, sown, productive
- Example: The farmer left the field fallow for a season to improve the soil.

111. Fanfare (noun)

- Defination: A short, lively, and loud piece of music played on brass instruments, typically to announce someone or something important.
- Synonyms: flourish, display, acclaim
- Antonyms: silence, quietude, hush
- Example: The celebrity arrived to a fanfare of trumpets and applause.

112. Felonious (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to or involved in a felony; criminal.
- Synonyms: criminal, unlawful, illegal
- Antonyms: lawful, legal, innocent
- Example: He was charged with several felonious acts, including robbery.



113. Ferret (verb)

- Defination: To search tenaciously for and find something.
- Synonyms: unearth, discover, root out
- Antonyms: hide, conceal, bury
- Example: She had to ferret out the information from old, dusty archives.

114. Fetter (verb)

- Defination: To restrict or restrain (someone or something) in an unfair or undesirable way.
- Synonyms: shackle, restrain, hamper
- Antonyms: free, liberate, unfetter
- Example: The strict regulations fettered innovation within the company.

115. Filch (verb)

- Defination: To pilfer or steal (something, especially a small amount or item) in a casual way.
- Synonyms: steal, pilfer, swipe
- Antonyms: return, give, restore
- Example: He would often filch small snacks from the office kitchen.

116. Fission (noun)

- Defination: The action of dividing or splitting something into two or more parts.
- Synonyms: splitting, division, separation
- Antonyms: fusion, joining, unification
- Example: Nuclear fission releases a tremendous amount of energy.

117. Flail (verb)

- Defination: To wave or swing or cause to wave or swing wildly.
- Synonyms: thrash, whip, lash
- Antonyms: still, control, calm
- Example: The drowning man began to flail his arms desperately.

118. Flamboyance (noun)

- Defination: The tendency to attract attention because of one's exuberance, confidence, and stylishness.
- Synonyms: ostentation, showiness, extravagance
- Antonyms: modesty, reserve, understatement
- Example: His flamboyance on stage made him a captivating performer.

119. Flaunt (verb)

- Defination: To display (something) ostentatiously, especially in order to provoke envy or admiration or to show defiance.
- Synonyms: show off, parade, brandish



- Antonyms: hide, conceal, downplay
- Example: She loved to flaunt her expensive new car in front of her neighbors.

120. Fledge (verb)

- Defination: (Of a young bird) develop wing feathers that are large enough for flight.
- Synonyms: grow feathers, mature, develop
- Antonyms: hatch, nest, unfledged
- Example: The chicks will fledge in a few weeks and leave the nest.

121. Fleeting (adjective)

- Defination: Lasting for a very short time.
- Synonyms: brief, momentary, ephemeral
- Antonyms: lasting, enduring, permanent
- Example: He only caught a fleeting glimpse of the rare bird.

122. Flicker (noun)

- Defination: A brief, unsteady flash or gleam of light.
- Synonyms: gleam, spark, shimmer
- Antonyms: darkness, steady light, stare
- Example: A flicker of understanding crossed her face as he explained.

123. Flip-flop (verb)

- Defination: To reverse a decision, opinion, or course of action.
- Synonyms: vacillate, waver, change one's mind
- Antonyms: remain consistent, stand firm, adhere
- Example: The politician was criticized for constantly flip-flopping on key issues.

124. Floe (noun)

- Defination: A sheet of floating ice.
- Synonyms: iceberg, ice sheet, ice mass
- Antonyms: open water, land, ocean
- Example: The ship had to navigate carefully around the ice floes.

125. Flout (verb)

- Defination: To openly disregard (a rule, law, or convention).
- Synonyms: defy, disobey, scoff at
- Antonyms: obey, respect, conform
- Example: He would often flout traffic laws, driving recklessly through the city.

126. Flux (noun)



- Defination: The action or process of flowing or flowing out; or continuous change.
- Synonyms: flow, change, instability
- Antonyms: stability, steadiness, stagnation
- Example: The business world is in a constant state of flux.

127. Fodder (noun)

- Defination: Food, especially dried hay or feed, for livestock; or raw material for a designated purpose.
- Synonyms: feed, provision, material
- Antonyms: waste, refuse, inedible
- Example: The scandalous rumor provided excellent fodder for the tabloids.

128. Foliage (noun)

- Defination: Plant leaves, collectively.
- Synonyms: leaves, leafage, greens
- Antonyms: branches, trunks, stems
- Example: The dense foliage of the trees provided ample shade.

129. Forbearance (noun)

- Defination: Patient self-control; restraint and tolerance.
- Synonyms: patience, tolerance, restraint
- Antonyms: impatience, intolerance, agitation
- Example: He showed remarkable forbearance despite the constant provocations.

130. Forego (verb)

- Defination: To go without (something desirable).
- Synonyms: waive, relinquish, abstain
- Antonyms: indulge, take, claim
- Example: She decided to forego dessert to stick to her diet.

131. Forensic (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to or denoting the application of scientific methods and techniques to the investigation of crime.
- Synonyms: judicial, legal, investigative
- Antonyms: unscientific, speculative, theoretical
- Example: Forensic evidence played a crucial role in solving the cold case.

132. Forerunner (noun)

- Defination: A person or thing that precedes the coming or development of someone or something else.
- Synonyms: predecessor, pioneer, harbinger
- Antonyms: successor, follower, descendant



- Example: The steam engine was a forerunner of modern locomotive technology.

133. Fortuitous (adjective)

- Defination: Happening by accident or chance rather than design.
- Synonyms: accidental, unplanned, unexpected
- Antonyms: deliberate, intentional, planned
- Example: It was a fortuitous encounter that led to their successful collaboration.

134. Fracas (noun)

- Defination: A noisy disturbance or quarrel.
- Synonyms: brawl, commotion, skirmish
- Antonyms: peace, calm, agreement
- Example: A small fracas broke out in the street after the football match.

135. Fray (verb)

- Defination: (Of a fabric, rope, or cord) unravel or become worn at the edge, typically through constant rubbing.
- Synonyms: unravel, wear out, shred
- Antonyms: mend, repair, strengthen
- Example: The cuffs of his old jacket began to fray.