PTE Preparation Series

Vocabulary Mastery

Essential Words for PTE Academic Success



Designed for PTE Students

Comprehensive vocabulary practice with contextual examples and usage patterns





1. Transient (adjective)

- Defination: Lasting only for a short time; impermanent.
- Synonyms: ephemeral, temporary, fleeting
- Antonyms: permanent, lasting, enduring
- Example: The transient nature of happiness makes us appreciate every fleeting moment.

2. Trivial (adjective)

- Defination: Of little value or importance.
- Synonyms: minor, insignificant, petty
- Antonyms: significant, important, crucial
- Example: His concerns about the color of the curtains seemed trivial compared to the global issues.

3. Tenacious (adjective)

- Defination: Not readily relinquishing a position, principle, or course of action; determined.
- Synonyms: persistent, resolute, determined
- Antonyms: yielding, surrendering, irresolute
- Example: The tenacious researcher finally found a breakthrough after years of effort.

4. Tantamount (adjective)

- Defination: Equivalent in seriousness to; virtually the same as.
- Synonyms: equivalent, equal, identical
- Antonyms: opposite, different, unequal
- Example: Ignoring the safety regulations is tantamount to risking lives.

5. Tacit (adjective)

- Defination: Understood or implied without being stated.
- Synonyms: implicit, unstated, unspoken
- Antonyms: explicit, stated, expressed
- Example: There was a tacit agreement among the team members to work extra hours.

6. Terse (adjective)

- Defination: Sparing in the use of words; abrupt.
- Synonyms: concise, brief, succinct
- Antonyms: verbose, lengthy, detailed
- Example: The manager's terse email left no room for misinterpretation.

7. Turbulent (adjective)

- Defination: Characterized by conflict, disorder, or confusion; not controlled or calm.
- Synonyms: chaotic, stormy, unstable
- Antonyms: calm, peaceful, stable



- Example: The country experienced a turbulent period of political unrest.

8. Thwart (verb)

- Defination: Prevent (someone) from accomplishing something.
- Synonyms: hinder, obstruct, impede
- Antonyms: assist, facilitate, aid
- Example: The security measures were designed to thwart any attempts at cyber-attack.

9. Tirade (noun)

- Defination: A long, angry speech of criticism or accusation.
- Synonyms: diatribe, rant, denunciation
- Antonyms: praise, compliment, eulogy
- Example: The politician launched into a furious tirade against his opponents.

10. Tenuous (adjective)

- Defination: Very weak or slight.
- Synonyms: flimsy, fragile, weak
- Antonyms: strong, firm, substantial
- Example: The team's lead in the final minutes was tenuous, threatening to collapse.

11. Traverse (verb)

- Defination: Travel across or through.
- Synonyms: cross, pass over, journey
- Antonyms: remain, stay, halt
- Example: Explorers often have to traverse difficult terrain.

12. Tedious (adjective)

- Defination: Too long, slow, or dull; tiresome or monotonous.
- Synonyms: boring, dull, monotonous
- Antonyms: exciting, interesting, engaging
- Example: The task of proofreading the entire document was incredibly tedious.

13. Temperament (noun)

- Defination: A person's or animal's nature, especially as it permanently affects their behavior.
- Synonyms: disposition, nature, character
- Antonyms: equanimity, composure, serenity
- Example: He has an artistic temperament, prone to mood swings.

14. Theoretical (adjective)

- Defination: Concerned with or involving the theory of a subject or area of study rather than its practical application.



- Synonyms: abstract, conceptual, hypothetical
- Antonyms: practical, empirical, applied
- Example: The theoretical knowledge needs to be applied in practical experiments.

15. Threshold (noun)

- Defination: A point of entry or beginning.
- Synonyms: brink, verge, outset
- Antonyms: end, conclusion, culmination
- Example: They are on the threshold of a new era of technological advancement.

16. Tolerant (adjective)

- Defination: Showing willingness to allow the existence of opinions or behavior that one does not necessarily agree with.
- Synonyms: broad-minded, accepting, permissive
- Antonyms: intolerant, bigoted, prejudiced
- Example: A diverse society requires its citizens to be tolerant of different cultures.

17. Tranquil (adjective)

- Defination: Free from disturbance; calm.
- Synonyms: peaceful, serene, calm
- Antonyms: agitated, disturbed, turbulent
- Example: The tranquil lake reflected the clear blue sky.

18. Transcend (verb)

- Defination: Be or go beyond the range or limits of (something abstract, typically a conceptual field or division).
- Synonyms: surpass, exceed, rise above
- Antonyms: fail, fall short, be limited by
- Example: Her artistic talent transcends cultural boundaries.

19. Transform (verb)

- Defination: Make a thorough or dramatic change in the form, appearance, or character of.
- Synonyms: alter, convert, change
- Antonyms: maintain, preserve, retain
- Example: Technology has transformed the way we communicate.

20. Transparent (adjective)

- Defination: Allowing light to pass through so that objects behind can be distinctly seen; open, frank, and candid.
- Synonyms: clear, obvious, candid
- Antonyms: opaque, obscure, secretive



- Example: The company operates with transparent financial reporting.

21. Treatise (noun)

- Defination: A written work dealing extensively with a subject, typically technical or scientific.
- Synonyms: dissertation, essay, study
- Antonyms: summary, abstract, outline
- Example: He published a detailed treatise on modern economics.

22. Tremendous (adjective)

- Defination: Very great in amount, scale, or intensity.
- Synonyms: enormous, huge, immense
- Antonyms: tiny, small, insignificant
- Example: The project required a tremendous amount of effort and resources.

23. Tribulation (noun)

- Defination: A cause of great trouble or suffering.
- Synonyms: adversity, hardship, suffering
- Antonyms: joy, happiness, prosperity
- Example: Despite facing many tribulations, she never gave up hope.

24. Tribute (noun)

- Defination: An act, statement, or gift that is intended to show gratitude, respect, or admiration.
- Synonyms: homage, eulogy, commendation
- Antonyms: criticism, disrespect, condemnation
- Example: The monument stands as a tribute to fallen soldiers.

25. Trite (adjective)

- Defination: (Of a remark, opinion, or idea) overused and consequently of little import; lacking originality or freshness.
- Synonyms: hackneyed, clichéd, unoriginal
- Antonyms: original, fresh, novel
- Example: His speech was full of trite phrases that failed to inspire anyone.

26. Triumph (noun)

- Defination: A great victory or achievement.
- Synonyms: victory, success, achievement
- Antonyms: defeat, failure, loss
- Example: Winning the championship was a moment of great triumph for the team.

27. Truculent (adjective)

- Defination: Eager or quick to argue or fight; aggressively defiant.



- Synonyms: belligerent, aggressive, hostile
- Antonyms: peaceful, cooperative, docile
- Example: The truculent student was often sent to the principal's office.

28. Tumultuous (adjective)

- Defination: Making a loud, confused noise; uproarious; excited, confused, or disorderly.
- Synonyms: turbulent, chaotic, disorderly
- Antonyms: calm, orderly, peaceful
- Example: The economic reforms led to a tumultuous period in the country's history.

29. Taut (adjective)

- Defination: (Especially of a rope, wire, or fabric) stretched or pulled tight; not slack.
- Synonyms: tight, stretched, strained
- Antonyms: slack, loose, relaxed
- Example: The tent ropes needed to be kept taut to withstand the wind.

30. Tabulate (verb)

- Defination: Arrange (data or information) in tabular form.
- Synonyms: compile, categorize, list
- Antonyms: disorganize, jumble, scatter
- Example: The researchers had to tabulate the survey results to draw conclusions.

31. Tangible (adjective)

- Defination: Perceptible by touch; clear and definite; real.
- Synonyms: palpable, concrete, real
- Antonyms: intangible, abstract, imaginary
- Example: The benefits of the new policy are not yet tangible.

32. Teleological (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to or involving the explanation of phenomena in terms of the purpose they serve rather than of their cause.
- Synonyms: purposeful, goal-oriented, purposive
- Antonyms: causal, mechanistic, accidental
- Example: A teleological argument often assumes a divine purpose in nature.

33. Temporal (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to worldly as opposed to spiritual affairs; relating to time.
- Synonyms: worldly, secular, earthly
- Antonyms: spiritual, eternal, timeless
- Example: The philosopher discussed both the spiritual and temporal aspects of human existence.



34. Tentative (adjective)

- Defination: Not certain or fixed; provisional.
- Synonyms: provisional, unconfirmed, hesitant
- Antonyms: definite, certain, conclusive
- Example: We made a tentative plan to meet next week, but it's not confirmed.

35. Testament (noun)

- Defination: Something that serves as a sign or evidence of a specified fact, event, or quality.
- Synonyms: proof, evidence, witness
- Antonyms: denial, refutation, disproof
- Example: The success of the project is a testament to the team's hard work.

36. Thesis (noun)

- Defination: A statement or theory that is put forward as a premise to be maintained or proved.
- Synonyms: proposition, argument, premise
- Antonyms: antithesis, counter-argument, refutation
- Example: Her doctoral thesis argued for a new approach to environmental conservation.

37. Thrive (verb)

- Defination: (Of a child, animal, or plant) grow or develop well or vigorously; prosper.
- Synonyms: flourish, prosper, succeed
- Antonyms: decline, wither, fail
- Example: The business continued to thrive despite the economic downturn.

38. Tome (noun)

- Defination: A book, especially a large, heavy, scholarly one.
- Synonyms: volume, book, publication
- Antonyms: pamphlet, leaflet, brochure
- Example: The ancient library contained many weighty tomes of philosophy.

39. Torpid (adjective)

- Defination: Mentally or physically inactive; lethargic.
- Synonyms: sluggish, lethargic, inactive
- Antonyms: active, energetic, vigorous
- Example: After the large meal, he felt torpid and unable to move.

40. Tortuous (adjective)

- Defination: Full of twists and turns; excessively lengthy and complex.
- Synonyms: winding, circuitous, convoluted
- Antonyms: straight, direct, simple



- Example: The tortuous path led them deep into the forest, making navigation difficult.

41. Trace (verb)

- Defination: Find or discover by investigation; follow the course or trail of (someone or something).
- Synonyms: detect, track, ascertain
- Antonyms: lose, overlook, ignore
- Example: Investigators worked to trace the source of the contamination.

42. Tract (noun)

- Defination: An area of land or water; a short treatise in pamphlet form, typically on a religious or political subject.
- Synonyms: area, region, expanse
- Antonyms: patch, speck, section
- Example: They bought a large tract of land for agricultural purposes.

43. Trajectory (noun)

- Defination: The path followed by a projectile flying or an object moving under the action of given forces; a chosen or taken course.
- Synonyms: path, course, route
- Antonyms: deviation, detour, digression
- Example: The satellite's trajectory was carefully calculated.

44. Transcribe (verb)

- Defination: Put (thoughts, speech, or data) into written or printed form.
- Synonyms: write down, record, document
- Antonyms: delete, erase, omit
- Example: The assistant was asked to transcribe the meeting minutes.

45. Transgress (verb)

- Defination: Infringe or go beyond the bounds of (a moral principle or other established standard of behavior).
- Synonyms: violate, break, contravene
- Antonyms: obey, comply, uphold
- Example: Students who transgress the rules will face disciplinary action.

46. Transitory (adjective)

- Defination: Not permanent or lasting; ephemeral.
- Synonyms: fleeting, temporary, brief
- Antonyms: permanent, lasting, enduring
- Example: The beauty of a flower is transitory, fading quickly.



47. Translucent (adjective)

- Defination: (Of a substance) allowing light, but not detailed images, to pass through; semi-transparent.
- Synonyms: semi-transparent, cloudy, hazy
- Antonyms: transparent, opaque, clear
- Example: The frosted glass was translucent, letting light in but obscuring the view.

48. Travesty (noun)

- Defination: A false, absurd, or distorted representation of something.
- Synonyms: mockery, farce, distortion
- Antonyms: exemplar, model, ideal
- Example: The trial was a travesty of justice, lacking any fairness.

49. Treacherous (adjective)

- Defination: Guilty of or involving betrayal or deception; (of ground, sea, etc.) presenting unseen dangers.
- Synonyms: disloyal, perfidious, perilous
- Antonyms: loyal, trustworthy, safe
- Example: The treacherous terrain made the climb very risky for the hikers.

50. Treaty (noun)

- Defination: A formally concluded and ratified agreement between states.
- Synonyms: agreement, pact, accord
- Antonyms: disagreement, conflict, hostility
- Example: The two nations signed a peace treaty after years of conflict.

51. Trenchant (adjective)

- Defination: Vigorous or incisive in expression or style.
- Synonyms: incisive, sharp, penetrating
- Antonyms: vague, dull, feeble
- Example: Her trenchant analysis revealed the flaws in the argument.

52. Trespass (verb)

- Defination: Enter someone's land or property without permission.
- Synonyms: intrude, encroach, violate
- Antonyms: exit, leave, respect
- Example: Do not trespass on private property, as it is strictly forbidden.

53. Trifling (adjective)

- Defination: Unimportant or trivial.
- Synonyms: trivial, minor, insignificant



- Antonyms: important, significant, substantial
- Example: They often argued over trifling matters that had no real consequence.

54. Troupe (noun)

- Defination: A group of dancers, actors, or other performers who work together.
- Synonyms: company, ensemble, group
- Antonyms: individual, soloist, audience
- Example: The traveling theatre troupe performed in various towns.

55. Truncate (verb)

- Defination: Shorten something by cutting off the top or the end.
- Synonyms: shorten, cut, abbreviate
- Antonyms: lengthen, extend, expand
- Example: The long article was truncated to fit the page limit.

56. Truthful (adjective)

- Defination: Telling or expressing the truth; honest.
- Synonyms: honest, veracious, candid
- Antonyms: dishonest, deceitful, false
- Example: A journalist must always strive to be truthful in their reporting.

57. Tutelage (noun)

- Defination: Protection of or authority over someone or something; instruction; guardianship.
- Synonyms: instruction, guidance, mentorship
- Antonyms: neglect, independence, autonomy
- Example: Under the tutelage of an experienced mentor, she quickly improved.

58. Typify (verb)

- Defination: Be characteristic or representative of.
- Synonyms: exemplify, characterize, represent
- Antonyms: differ, diverge, contradict
- Example: His humility typifies the true spirit of a scholar.

59. Tyranny (noun)

- Defination: Cruel and oppressive government or rule.
- Synonyms: despotism, oppression, autocracy
- Antonyms: democracy, freedom, liberty
- Example: The people rebelled against the brutal tyranny of the dictator.

60. Tactile (adjective)



- Defination: Of or connected with the sense of touch.
- Synonyms: tangible, palpable, physical
- Antonyms: intangible, abstract, mental
- Example: The child explored the new toy with a tactile curiosity, feeling every curve.

61. Takeover (noun)

- Defination: An act of assuming control of something, especially a company.
- Synonyms: acquisition, merger, absorption
- Antonyms: divestment, surrender, relinquishment
- Example: The hostile takeover bid was rejected by the board of directors.

62. Tally (verb)

- Defination: Agree or correspond; count.
- Synonyms: count, calculate, correspond
- Antonyms: disagree, contradict, mismatch
- Example: The election results should tally with the exit polls.

63. Tamper (verb)

- Defination: Interfere with (something) in order to cause damage or make unauthorized alterations.
- Synonyms: meddle, interfere, manipulate
- Antonyms: protect, safeguard, preserve
- Example: Someone had tampered with the evidence at the crime scene.

64. Tariff (noun)

- Defination: A tax or duty to be paid on a particular class of imports or exports.
- Synonyms: duty, tax, levy
- Antonyms: subsidy, rebate, exemption
- Example: The government imposed a new tariff on imported luxury goods.

65. Tedium (noun)

- Defination: The state of being tedious; dullness.
- Synonyms: boredom, monotony, dullness
- Antonyms: excitement, interest, stimulation
- Example: He sought to escape the tedium of daily office work by pursuing a hobby.

66. Teem (verb)

- Defination: Be full of things; swarm (often used with 'with').
- Synonyms: swarm, abound, overflow
- Antonyms: lack, be scarce, be empty
- Example: The rainforest teems with exotic wildlife.



67. Temper (verb)

- Defination: Improve the hardness and elasticity of (steel or other metal) by reheating and then cooling it; to moderate or soften.
- Synonyms: moderate, soften, mitigate
- Antonyms: intensify, strengthen, exacerbate
- Example: He learned to temper his expectations to avoid disappointment.

68. Tendency (noun)

- Defination: An inclination toward a particular characteristic or type of behavior.
- Synonyms: inclination, propensity, trend
- Antonyms: aversion, disinclination, opposition
- Example: He has a tendency to procrastinate when faced with difficult tasks.

69. Terminate (verb)

- Defination: Bring to an end.
- Synonyms: end, cease, conclude
- Antonyms: begin, start, initiate
- Example: The company decided to terminate the contract early.

70. Territory (noun)

- Defination: An area of land under the jurisdiction of a ruler or state.
- Synonyms: region, domain, realm
- Antonyms: foreign land, international waters, outside jurisdiction
- Example: The birds fiercely defended their breeding territory from intruders.

71. Testify (verb)

- Defination: Give evidence as a witness in a law court; serve as evidence or proof of something.
- Synonyms: attest, declare, confirm
- Antonyms: deny, contradict, refute
- Example: Several witnesses were called to testify in court.

72. Texture (noun)

- Defination: The feel, appearance, or consistency of a surface or a substance.
- Synonyms: feel, consistency, grain
- Antonyms: smoothness, flatness, uniformity
- Example: The artist used various paints to create different textures in the painting.

73. Thematic (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to or constituting a subject or topic of discourse or of artistic representation.
- Synonyms: topical, conceptual, underlying



- Antonyms: unrelated, disorganized, random
- Example: The film's thematic elements explored the human condition.

74. Therapeutic (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to the healing of disease; beneficial to health.
- Synonyms: healing, curative, remedial
- Antonyms: harmful, detrimental, injurious
- Example: The spa offers a range of therapeutic treatments for relaxation.

75. Thorough (adjective)

- Defination: Complete with regard to every detail; painstaking or careful.
- Synonyms: comprehensive, exhaustive, meticulous
- Antonyms: superficial, careless, hasty
- Example: A thorough investigation was conducted to uncover the truth.

76. Threaten (verb)

- Defination: State one's intention to take hostile action against (someone) in a retaliation for something done or not done.
- Synonyms: menace, endanger, intimidate
- Antonyms: protect, reassure, safeguard
- Example: The storm threatened to disrupt air travel, causing many delays.

77. Thrift (noun)

- Defination: The quality of using money and other resources carefully and not wastefully.
- Synonyms: frugality, economy, prudence
- Antonyms: extravagance, wastefulness, profligacy
- Example: Through careful thrift, they managed to save enough for a down payment.

78. Tier (noun)

- Defination: A row or level of a structure, typically one of a series of rows placed one above another.
- Synonyms: level, rank, layer
- Antonyms: base, foundation, single item
- Example: The stadium had several tiers of seating, offering different views.

79. Timely (adjective)

- Defination: Done or occurring at a favorable or useful time; opportune.
- Synonyms: opportune, prompt, well-timed
- Antonyms: untimely, inopportune, delayed
- Example: The timely arrival of aid prevented a humanitarian crisis.

80. Timid (adjective)



- Defination: Showing a lack of courage or confidence; easily frightened.
- Synonyms: shy, diffident, fearful
- Antonyms: bold, confident, brave
- Example: The timid puppy hid behind its mother when strangers approached.

81. Tinge (noun)

- Defination: A small amount of a color or quality.
- Synonyms: hint, trace, suggestion
- Antonyms: abundance, plenitude, absence
- Example: The sky had a reddish tinge at sunset, creating a beautiful view.

82. Titular (adjective)

- Defination: Holding or constituting a purely formal position or title without any real authority.
- Synonyms: nominal, ceremonial, honorary
- Antonyms: actual, real, authoritative
- Example: The Queen is the titular head of the Commonwealth, without executive power.

83. Token (noun)

- Defination: A thing serving as a tangible representation of a fact, quality, feeling, etc.
- Synonyms: symbol, sign, emblem
- Antonyms: substance, reality, whole
- Example: Please accept this small gift as a token of our appreciation.

84. Toll (noun)

- Defination: A charge payable for permission to use a particular road, bridge, or tunnel; the number of deaths or injuries arising from an accident, disaster, or war.
- Synonyms: levy, fee, cost
- Antonyms: refund, compensation, benefit
- Example: The war took a heavy toll on the civilian population.

85. Topical (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to or dealing with current affairs or subjects of general interest.
- Synonyms: current, timely, relevant
- Antonyms: old-fashioned, archaic, irrelevant
- Example: The comedian's routine included many topical jokes about recent events.

86. Topography (noun)

- Defination: The arrangement of the natural and artificial physical features of an area.
- Synonyms: landscape, terrain, geography
- Antonyms: flatness, uniformity, sameness



- Example: Maps display the topography of the region, showing mountains and rivers.

87. Torment (noun)

- Defination: Severe physical or mental suffering.
- Synonyms: agony, anguish, suffering
- Antonyms: joy, bliss, comfort
- Example: He endured years of torment in the prisoner-of-war camp.

88. Torrent (noun)

- Defination: A strong and fast-moving stream of water or other liquid; a sudden, violent, and copious outpouring of something.
- Synonyms: flood, deluge, cascade
- Antonyms: trickle, dribble, drought
- Example: A torrent of rain poured down during the storm, causing floods.

89. Totalitarian (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to a system of government that is centralized and dictatorial and requires complete subservience to the state.
- Synonyms: autocratic, dictatorial, authoritarian
- Antonyms: democratic, liberal, free
- Example: The country was ruled by a totalitarian regime that suppressed dissent.

90. Tradition (noun)

- Defination: The transmission of customs or beliefs from generation to generation.
- Synonyms: custom, practice, ritual
- Antonyms: novelty, innovation, deviation
- Example: It is a long-standing tradition to celebrate the New Year with fireworks.

91. Transience (noun)

- Defination: The state or fact of lasting only for a short time; impermanence.
- Synonyms: impermanence, fleetingness, ephemerality
- Antonyms: permanence, longevity, eternity
- Example: The transience of youth makes us value every moment.

92. Transmutation (noun)

- Defination: The action of changing or the state of being changed into another form.
- Synonyms: transformation, conversion, alteration
- Antonyms: preservation, stagnation, stability
- Example: Alchemists sought the transmutation of base metals into gold.

93. Traumatize (verb)



- Defination: Subject to lasting shock as a result of an emotionally disturbing experience.
- Synonyms: shock, distress, appall
- Antonyms: comfort, soothe, reassure
- Example: The accident left the witnesses traumatized for months, causing them distress.

94. Trepidation (noun)

- Defination: A feeling of fear or anxiety about something that may happen.
- Synonyms: fear, anxiety, apprehension
- Antonyms: calmness, confidence, courage
- Example: He approached the difficult exam with some trepidation.

95. Trope (noun)

- Defination: A figurative or metaphorical use of a word or expression; a significant or recurrent theme; a motif.
- Synonyms: motif, theme, device
- Antonyms: literalism, plain speech, straightforwardness
- Example: The 'hero's journey' is a common trope in mythology and literature.

96. Turbidity (noun)

- Defination: The quality of being cloudy, opaque, or thick with suspended matter.
- Synonyms: cloudiness, murkiness, haziness
- Antonyms: clarity, transparency, clearness
- Example: High turbidity in the water indicated pollution, making it unsafe.

97. Tutelar (adjective)

- Defination: Serving as a protector, guardian, or patron.
- Synonyms: protective, guardian, safeguarding
- Antonyms: harmful, destructive, threatening
- Example: The ancient city invoked a tutelar deity for protection.

98. Typology (noun)

- Defination: The study or analysis of (or a classification according to) types or categories.
- Synonyms: classification, categorization, taxonomy
- Antonyms: disorder, chaos, randomness
- Example: Researchers developed a new typology for classifying personality traits.

99. Tenure (noun)

- Defination: The conditions under which land or buildings are held or occupied; the holding of an office or position; the period for which an office or position is held.
- Synonyms: incumbency, term, holding
- Antonyms: dismissal, termination, temporary status



- Example: The professor was granted academic tenure after years of research and teaching.

100. Tangential (adjective)

- Defination: Merely touching a subject or going off topic; peripheral.
- Synonyms: peripheral, extraneous, digressive
- Antonyms: central, essential, relevant
- Example: Their discussion often went off on tangential subjects, making it hard to stay focused.

101. Taboo (noun)

- Defination: A social or religious custom prohibiting or forbidding discussion of a particular practice or forbidding association with a particular person, place, or thing.
- Synonyms: prohibition, ban, restriction
- Antonyms: acceptance, permission, openness
- Example: In some cultures, discussing death openly is considered a taboo subject.

102. Tarnish (verb)

- Defination: Lose or cause to lose lustre, especially as a result of exposure to air or moisture; make or become less respectable or impaired.
- Synonyms: blemish, sully, disgrace
- Antonyms: polish, enhance, purify
- Example: The scandal could tarnish his reputation permanently.

103. Tautology (noun)

- Defination: The saying of the same thing twice in different words, generally considered to be a fault of style (e.g., 'free gift').
- Synonyms: repetition, redundancy, pleonasm
- Antonyms: conciseness, brevity, originality
- Example: The phrase 'an unnecessary redundancy' is a classic example of a tautology.

104. Temperance (noun)

- Defination: Moderation or self-restraint, especially in eating and drinking.
- Synonyms: moderation, restraint, sobriety
- Antonyms: indulgence, excess, intemperance
- Example: Practicing temperance is vital for maintaining a healthy lifestyle.

105. Temporal (adjective)

- Defination: Relating to worldly as opposed to spiritual affairs; relating to time.
- Synonyms: worldly, secular, earthly
- Antonyms: spiritual, eternal, timeless
- Example: The philosopher discussed both the spiritual and temporal aspects of human existence.



106. Tenor (noun)

- Defination: The general meaning, sense, or content of something; the general course or tendency of something.
- Synonyms: gist, sense, drift
- Antonyms: detail, particular, specifics
- Example: The tenor of the meeting suggested a positive outcome despite initial disagreements.

107. Terminal (adjective)

- Defination: Of, forming, or situated at the end or extremity of something; (of a disease) incurable and leading to death.
- Synonyms: final, concluding, ultimate
- Antonyms: initial, beginning, commencing
- Example: The project reached its terminal phase, and everyone was eager for its completion.

108. Terraform (verb)

- Defination: (Especially in science fiction) transform (a planet) so as to resemble the earth, especially so that it can support human life.
- Synonyms: modify, colonize, engineer
- Antonyms: destroy, degrade, ruin
- Example: Scientists are exploring technologies that could help to terraform Mars.

109. Tertiary (adjective)

- Defination: Third in order or level.
- Synonyms: third, minor, supplementary
- Antonyms: primary, secondary, first
- Example: Tertiary education includes universities and colleges.

110. Theocracy (noun)

- Defination: A system of government in which priests rule in the name of God or a god.
- Synonyms: divine rule, hierocracy, ecclesiarchy
- Antonyms: democracy, secularism, autocracy
- Example: Ancient Egypt was a type of theocracy, with the pharaoh as a divine ruler.

111. Theology (noun)

- Defination: The study of the nature of God and religious belief.
- Synonyms: divinity, religious studies, dogmatics
- Antonyms: atheism, agnosticism, secularism
- Example: She pursued a degree in theology to understand different religious doctrines.

112. Threshold (noun)

- Defination: A point of entry or beginning; the magnitude or intensity that must be exceeded for a



certain reaction, phenomenon, result, or condition to occur or be manifested.

- Synonyms: brink, verge, outset
- Antonyms: end, conclusion, culmination
- Example: They are on the threshold of a new era of technological advancement.

113. Timorous (adjective)

- Defination: Showing or suffering from nervousness, fear, or a lack of confidence.
- Synonyms: fearful, apprehensive, meek
- Antonyms: bold, courageous, confident
- Example: The timorous child hesitated before speaking to the adults.

114. Titillate (verb)

- Defination: Excite or arouse agreeably.
- Synonyms: excite, stimulate, intrigue
- Antonyms: bore, dull, disgust
- Example: The trailers were designed to titillate the audience with glimpses of the action.

115. Tolerable (adjective)

- Defination: Able to be endured; not severe.
- Synonyms: bearable, endurable, acceptable
- Antonyms: intolerable, unbearable, unacceptable
- Example: The pain was tolerable after taking the medication.

116. Topicality (noun)

- Defination: The quality of being of interest at the present time; relevance to current events.
- Synonyms: currency, relevance, timeliness
- Antonyms: irrelevance, datedness, antiquity
- Example: The editor valued the topicality of the news articles.

117. Torrid (adjective)

- Defination: Very hot and dry; full of passionate or highly charged emotions arising from sexual love.
- Synonyms: scorching, sultry, passionate
- Antonyms: frigid, cold, unemotional
- Example: The desert is known for its torrid climate.

118. Totality (noun)

- Defination: The whole of something.
- Synonyms: entirety, whole, completeness
- Antonyms: part, fraction, segment
- Example: The totality of his efforts led to the successful completion of the project.



119. Toxic (adjective)

- Defination: Poisonous; very harmful or unpleasant in a pervasive or insidious way.
- Synonyms: poisonous, venomous, harmful
- Antonyms: harmless, beneficial, non-toxic
- Example: The factory emitted toxic fumes into the atmosphere.

120. Toxin (noun)

- Defination: An antigenic poison or venom of plant or animal origin, especially one produced by or derived from microorganisms and causing disease when present at low concentration in the body.
- Synonyms: poison, venom, contaminant
- Antonyms: antitoxin, antidote, vaccine
- Example: The snake's venom contained a potent toxin that could paralyze its prey.

121. Tranquility (noun)

- Defination: The quality or state of being tranquil; calm.
- Synonyms: peace, serenity, calmness
- Antonyms: agitation, disturbance, chaos
- Example: The serene lake offered a sense of tranquility.

122. Transcribe (verb)

- Defination: Put (thoughts, speech, or data) into written or printed form.
- Synonyms: write down, record, document
- Antonyms: delete, erase, omit
- Example: The assistant was asked to transcribe the meeting minutes.

123. Transferable (adjective)

- Defination: Able to be transferred.
- Synonyms: assignable, conveyable, portable
- Antonyms: non-transferable, fixed, permanent
- Example: The skills learned in this course are highly transferable to various industries.

124. Transfigure (verb)

- Defination: Transform into something more beautiful or elevated.
- Synonyms: transform, metamorphose, glorify
- Antonyms: deform, degrade, uglify
- Example: The artist used light to transfigure the mundane scene into a work of art.

125. Transfuse (verb)

- Defination: Transfer (blood or its components) into the circulatory system of a patient; cause to permeate or imbue.
- Synonyms: infuse, impart, instill



- Antonyms: extract, remove, drain
- Example: The doctor had to transfuse blood into the patient after the accident.

126. Transgression (noun)

- Defination: An act that goes against a law, rule, or code of conduct; an offense.
- Synonyms: violation, offense, sin
- Antonyms: obedience, compliance, adherence
- Example: His transgression of the company policy led to his dismissal.

127. Transience (noun)

- Defination: The state or fact of lasting only for a short time; impermanence.
- Synonyms: impermanence, fleetingness, ephemerality
- Antonyms: permanence, longevity, eternity
- Example: The transience of youth makes us value every moment.

128. Transitory (adjective)

- Defination: Not permanent or lasting; ephemeral.
- Synonyms: fleeting, temporary, brief
- Antonyms: permanent, lasting, enduring
- Example: The beauty of a flower is transitory, fading quickly.

129. Transmute (verb)

- Defination: Change in form, nature, or substance.
- Synonyms: transform, convert, alter
- Antonyms: preserve, stagnate, stabilize
- Example: Alchemists once believed they could transmute lead into gold.

130. Trauma (noun)

- Defination: A deeply distressing or disturbing experience; physical injury.
- Synonyms: shock, distress, injury
- Antonyms: healing, recovery, comfort
- Example: The car accident caused him severe physical and psychological trauma.

131. Travail (noun)

- Defination: Painful or laborious effort.
- Synonyms: toil, exertion, struggle
- Antonyms: ease, leisure, recreation
- Example: The project required months of hard travail from the entire team.

132. Trend (noun)



- Defination: A general direction in which something is developing or changing.
- Synonyms: tendency, direction, movement
- Antonyms: aberration, deviation, stagnation
- Example: The latest fashion trend favors sustainable materials.

133. Trestle (noun)

- Defination: A framework consisting of a horizontal beam supported by two pairs of sloping legs, used as a support for a table or bridge.
- Synonyms: support, framework, prop
- Antonyms: base, foundation, understructure
- Example: The workers built a wooden trestle to support the temporary bridge.

134. Triad (noun)

- Defination: A group or set of three connected people or things.
- Synonyms: trio, threesome, trinity
- Antonyms: pair, duo, individual
- Example: The three primary colors form a fundamental triad in art.

135. Tribalism (noun)

- Defination: The state or fact of being organized in a tribe or tribes; the behaviour and attitudes that stem from strong loyalty to one's own tribe or social group.
- Synonyms: factionalism, sectarianism, clannishness
- Antonyms: universalism, unity, cooperation
- Example: Political tribalism often hinders cooperation and compromise.

136. Tribute (noun)

- Defination: An act, statement, or gift that is intended to show gratitude, respect, or admiration.
- Synonyms: homage, eulogy, commendation
- Antonyms: criticism, disrespect, condemnation
- Example: The monument stands as a tribute to fallen soldiers.

137. Trident (noun)

- Defination: A three-pronged spear.
- Synonyms: fork, spear, weapon
- Antonyms: (no direct antonym, refers to a specific object) single-prong, bi-prong, club (general weapon) wait, no suitable antonyms exist for specific object, remove this. Just use description for synonyms., unarmed, shield, blunt instrument
- Example: Neptune, the Roman god of the sea, is often depicted holding a trident.

138. Trifurcate (verb)

- Defination: Divide into three branches or forks.



- Synonyms: divide, branch, fork
- Antonyms: unite, converge, merge
- Example: The road trifurcated into three distinct paths, leading to different villages.

139. Trigger (verb)

- Defination: Cause (an event or situation) to happen or exist.
- Synonyms: initiate, activate, provoke
- Antonyms: prevent, halt, suppress
- Example: The new policy might trigger widespread public protests.

140. Trilogy (noun)

- Defination: A group of three plays, novels, films, or operas that are related in subject or theme.
- Synonyms: series, set, triptych
- Antonyms: standalone, single work, duology
- Example: The author completed her fantasy trilogy with the release of the final book.

141. Troglodyte (noun)

- Defination: A person who lives in a cave; a person who is regarded as being deliberately ignorant or old-fashioned.
- Synonyms: cave dweller, hermit, reactionary
- Antonyms: modernist, innovator, socialite
- Example: Some criticized the political leader as a troglodyte for his outdated views.

142. Truce (noun)

- Defination: An agreement between opponents or enemies to stop fighting or arguing for a certain time.
- Synonyms: ceasefire, armistice, suspension
- Antonyms: warfare, conflict, hostility
- Example: The warring factions agreed to a temporary truce during the holiday season.

143. Truism (noun)

- Defination: A statement that is obviously true and says nothing new or interesting.
- Synonyms: platitude, cliché, axiom
- Antonyms: paradox, originality, novelty
- Example: It's a truism that 'what goes up must come down.'

144. Trustee (noun)

- Defination: An individual person or member of a board given control or powers of administration of property in trust with a legal obligation to administer it solely for the purposes specified.
- Synonyms: guardian, custodian, fiduciary
- Antonyms: beneficiary, ward, debtor
- Example: The university's board of trustees oversees its financial and academic governance.



145. Tumid (adjective)

- Defination: Swollen; (especially of language or literary style) pompous or bombastic.
- Synonyms: swollen, inflated, bombastic
- Antonyms: deflated, shrunken, plain
- Example: The orator's tumid rhetoric failed to impress the discerning audience.

146. Tumult (noun)

- Defination: A loud, confused noise, especially one caused by a large mass of people; confusion or disorder.
- Synonyms: commotion, disorder, uproar
- Antonyms: calm, order, peace
- Example: The political rally ended in tumult as protesters clashed with police.

147. Tundra (noun)

- Defination: A vast, flat, treeless Arctic region of Europe, Asia, and North America in which the subsoil is permanently frozen.
- Synonyms: arctic plain, frozen plain, barren land
- Antonyms: forest, jungle, desert
- Example: The Arctic tundra supports a unique ecosystem adapted to cold conditions.

148. Turbulence (noun)

- Defination: Violent or unsteady movement of air or water, or of some other fluid; conflict, disorder, or confusion.
- Synonyms: agitation, commotion, instability
- Antonyms: calm, stillness, stability
- Example: The aircraft experienced severe turbulence during the storm.

149. Turncoat (noun)

- Defination: A person who deserts one party or cause in order to join an opposing one.
- Synonyms: traitor, renegade, defector
- Antonyms: loyalist, stalwart, patriot
- Example: He was branded a turncoat after switching political allegiances.

150. Tutor (noun)

- Defination: A private teacher, typically one who teaches a single student or a very small group.
- Synonyms: instructor, coach, mentor
- Antonyms: student, pupil, learner
- Example: She hired a tutor to help her prepare for the challenging exam.

151. Typographical (adjective)

- Defination: Of or relating to typography or printing.



- Synonyms: printing, compositional, font-related
- Antonyms: conceptual, grammatical, structural
- Example: The book contained several minor typographical errors that needed correction.